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SECURITY INFORMATION

24 November 1953

MHBK (Magyar Hatarvedelmi Bizottsag - Hungarian Border Guard Committee)

C.I. No. 27008

NOT SUITABLE FOR MICROFILM

On 3 November 1953, Informants 5019 and 5020 were interviewed and furnished the following information concerning the MHBK and its possible association with the Yugoslav government:

Informants referred to information that they had previously furnished this Region on 27 May 1953, to the effect that some MHBK officials held a meeting in Salzburg that month, at the time one (Ted) Berelan was in town with a Yugoslav dance troupe. Berelan was allegedly arrested and forced out of Hungary, [illegible] in the employ of the Tito government in a propaganda campaign for Radio Free Europe. This meeting was allegedly attended by Istvan Kendessensky, a Hungarian from Bolzano, Italy, Zako, Chief of the MHBK; Alfred Kandtzaffy, Zako's intelligence chief from Innsbruck, Austria, and an unknown Yugoslav government official. Informants had further advised that this meeting was probably held for the purpose of forming an agreement with the Yugoslav government to permit MHBK agents to pass through that country in the performance of intelligence missions into Hungary.

(Agent's Note: The above information was included in Agent Report, Subject: Austrian Mail File as above, dated 16 July 1953.)

Informants stated that it has been fairly well established that both Zako and Kandtzaffy visited Yugoslavia since their Salzburg meeting of May 1953. Informants are of the opinion that any agreement between Yugoslavia and Zako probably has as its basis the exchanging of intelligence information for permission to pass through Yugoslavia. Berelan has allegedly been expelled from the British Zone of Austria, where he had been residing in Graz, Steiermark, in affluent circumstances, and is alleged to have returned to Yugoslavia. (F-E)

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WILLIS F. [illegible], 430th CIC Det.,
PAUL O. FREEMAN, JR., Region "D"

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SOURCES METHODS EXEMPTION 3B2B
NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT
DATE 2006

FOR COORDINATION WITH US Army

SECURITY INFORMATION

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AGENT REPORT

Title (Name of Source) Halfdan Koppendahl — 24 November 1953
Description (Sex, Age, Nationality, Position, Employer, Address) Male, Danish Citizen, Danish Consular official in Hamburg, Germany

Document Concerning Activities of Andrew Zake, Chief of Operations of the Polish Field Security Service

On 21 November 1953, Informants 5019 and 5060 were interviewed, and they furnished reliably the following information:

1. It was learned that Andrew Zake, Chief of the Polish Field Security Service in Munich, visited Innsbruck on 20 August 1953, where he had planned secret meetings with Polish refugees, in Innsbruck, Yugoslavia, Informants were of the belief that it is very unusual, if not impossible, for any foreigner to be permitted entry into Austria with a visa, unless they had been approved with the Austrian government. Previous information that the Pole, Andrew Zake, had business relations with the French in Austria has recently been verified on another source. It appears that this ownership of Polish firms is for political purposes only, while Zake is, in fact, still active in secret connection with the French.

2. Chief of Polish intelligence operations, Bonn area, and [illegible] Germany, Andrew Zake, Stefanska, Ingrid (British Zone). They have the mission of contacting Hungarian refugees who cross the border into the British Zone, identifying them, and soliciting the more eligible for intelligence missions back to Hungary. When the operatives of Zake are known to the British Field Security Service, and all their information is collected and reported to the British, together with the approval of Zake. Zake, therefore, is playing an extremely complicated game, in which both the Russian government and the French Foreign Service (or, at least their Intelligence services) are knowingly trading information relative to Hungary through the same channel, and at the same time, the British Intelligence Service is securing valuable counter-intelligence without the knowledge of the Russian or French Governments.

3. The personal activities of Andrew Zake, Chief of Operations, [illegible] Germany. The particular individual who does not hesitate to attempt to recruit even the Russian Ambassador, a former officer in the Austrian Army, Polish, Miss allegedly came from Hungary a few weeks ago. The purpose of her trip was to recruit Miss. The two operatives registered Miss in [illegible] in 1953 a villa hotel, with the understanding that they would take care of the bill. After a while, they informed Miss that they would not pay the bill and would further fail to do it that the police were warned that he might have to leave town and default the hotel. However, all this would be taken care of if Miss would perform certain missions in Hungary. In the face of this, Miss willingly departed Graz, and travelled to Linz, Upper Austria, Austria (probably [illegible], in 1953. (Agents report the inside Miss is listed on MIB-6-418-53 (Preliminary Information Report. It is probably identical with the Miss mentioned above.)

Approved by the MIBK

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[redacted], Jr., 430th CIC Det.,
Regional Office

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DAR 7579

AGENT REPORT

HIEX (Hungarian Nationalist Encounterspy - American Freedom Counterintelligence Society) — 24 November 1953
L/47096 F.O. Atlanta

In addition to (One) Dudas, mentioned as being a prospective for Radio Belgrade, two other individuals officially assigned duties in connection with the Hungarian Intelligence Service. They are Imre Csar and Geza Lindner. Csar, presently in the Graz area, was a member of the Hungarian Parliament, prior to World War II, as a Social Democrat. Lindner was a member of the original Communist movement in Hungary in 1919, and was a Parliamentary of the original Party. He apparently has broken with the Hungarian Communist Party in power today, because he is presently in Belgrade. Allegedly, Csar was to have travelled to Graz on 20 November 1953, accompanied by his intelligence chief, Pantuschy, to meet with Csar. A further tie between the HIEX, as represented by Csar, and the Hungarian government might perhaps exist in the friendship between (One) Dudas and Gerald Pudmak, the present head of the HIEX in Graz. Dudas was apprehended by the Austrian police after the riot summer while attempting to enter Austria illegally from Yugoslavia. The Austrian authorities did not permit him to remain, and he returned to Yugoslavia. However, at the time of his apprehension, he was in possession of approximately $500 (American from Hitler), and a list of Hungarian leaders in exile.

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